Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for the local treatment of a vulvovaginal candidiasis condition diagnosable by a KOH smear test or other fungal speciation test, which comprises:

treating said vulvovaginal candidiasis condition caused by a species of *Candida* selected from the group consisting of *dubliniensis*, *tropicalis*, *glabrata*, *parapsilosis*, *krusei*, and *lusitaniae* by applying to the vaginal tissue of a human a formulation comprising:

about 35 to about 45% w/w sorbitol solution; about 3 to about 8% w/w propylene glycol; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w edetate disodium; about 5 to about 11% w/w mineral oil; about 0.5 to about 5% w/w polyglyceryl-3-oleate; about 0.5 to about 5% w/w glyceryl monoisostearate; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w microcrystalline wax; about 0.5 to about 2% w/w silicon dioxide; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w methylparaben; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w propylparaben; about 25 to about 45% w/w water; and about 0.5 to about 5% w/w butoconazole nitrate; and

wherein the treatment is a single dose treatment.

2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said formulation further comprises:

about 38 to about 40% w/w sorbitol solution; about 4 to about 6% w/w propylene glycol; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w edetate disodium; about 6 to about 9% w/w mineral oil; about 2 to about 3% w/w polyglyceryl-3-oleate; about 2 to about 3% w/w glyceryl

monoisostearate; about 0.01 to about 0.8% w/w microcrystalline wax; about 0.09 to about 0.9% w/w silicon dioxide; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w methylparaben; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w propylparaben; about 30 to about 40% w/w water; and about 1.5 to about 3.5% w/w butoconazole nitrate.

3. (Original) The method according to claim 2, wherein said formulation further comprises:

about 39.978% w/w sorbitol solution; about 5% w/w propylene glycol; about 0.05% w/w edetate disodium; about 8.032% w/w mineral oil; about 2.713% w/w polyglyceryl-3-oleate; about 2.713% w/w glyceryl monoisostearate; about 0.452% w/w microcrystalline wax; about 1.013% w/w silicon dioxide; about 0.18% w/w methylparaben; about 0.05% w/w propylparaben; about 37.819% w/w water; and about 2.0% w/w butoconazole nitrate.

- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein the species is *C. glabrata*.
- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein the species is *C. tropicalis*.
- 6. (Original) A method for the treatment of a vaginal fungal condition, which comprises:

administering a single dose composition comprising about 38 to about 40% w/w sorbitol solution; about 4 to about 6% w/w propylene glycol; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w edetate disodium; about 6 to about 9% w/w mineral oil; about 2 to about 3% w/w polyglyceryl-3-oleate; about 2 to about 3% w/w glyceryl monoisostearate; about 0.01 to about 0.8% w/w microcrystalline wax; about 0.09 to about 0.9% w/w silicon dioxide; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w methylparaben; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w propylparaben; about 30

to about 40% w/w water; and about 1.5 to about 3.5% w/w butoconazole nitrate;

wherein the vaginal fungal condition is a vulvovaginal candidiasis condition caused by a *Candida* species selected from the group consisting of *dubliniensis*, *tropicalis*, *glabrata*, *parapsilosis*, *krusei*, and *lusitaniae*, and

wherein the ratio of polyglyveryl-3-oleate to glyceryl monoisostearate is about 1:0.1-10.

- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 6, wherein the species is *C. glabrata*.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 6, wherein the species is *C. tropicalis*.
- 9. (Original) A method for the treatment of an unidentified vulvovaginal fungal condition, which comprises:

administration to said fungal condition a bioadhesive, single dose treatment formulation comprising from about 0.500 to about 5.000% w/w butoconazole nitrate; and

wherein the unidentified vulvovaginal fungal condition is caused by a Candida species selected from the group consisting of dubliniensis, tropicalis, glabrata, parapsilosis, krusei, and lusitaniae.

10. (Original) The method according to claim 9, wherein said formulation further comprises: about 35 to about 45% w/w sorbitol solution; about 3 to about 8% w/w propylene glycol; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w edetate disodium; about 5 to about 11% w/w mineral oil; about 0.5 to about 5% w/w polyglyceryl-3-oleate; about 0.5 to about 5% w/w glyceryl monoisostearate; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w microcrystalline wax; about 0.5 to about 2% w/w silicon dioxide;

about 0.001 to about 1% w/w methylparaben; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w propylparaben; about 25 to about 45% \dot{w}/\dot{w} water; and about 0.5 to about 5% \dot{w}/\dot{w} butoconazole nitrate.

11. (Original) The method according to claim 10, wherein said formulation further comprises:

about 38 to about 40% w/w sorbitol solution; about 4 to about 6% w/w propylene glycol; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w edetate disodium; about 6 to about 9% w/w mineral oil; about 2 to about 3% w/w polyglyceryl-3-oleate; about 2 to about 3% w/w glyceryl monoisostearate; about 0.01 to about 0.8% w/w microcrystalline wax; about 0.09 to about 0.9% w/w silicon dioxide; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w methylparaben; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w propylparaben; about 30 to about 40% w/w water; and about 1.5 to about 3.5% w/w butoconazole nitrate.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 10, wherein said formulation further comprises:

about 39.978% w/w sorbitol solution; about 5% w/w propylene glycol; about 0.05% w/w edetate disodium; about 8.032% w/w mineral oil; about 2.713% w/w polyglyceryl-3-oleate; about 2.713% w/w glyceryl monoisostearate; about 0.452% w/w microcrystalline wax; about 1.013% w/w silicon dioxide; about 0.18% w/w methylparaben; about 0.05% w/w propylparaben; about 37.819% w/w water; and about 2.0% w/w butoconazole nitrate.

- 13. (Original) The method according to claim 12, wherein the species is *C. glabrata*.
- 14. (Original) The method according to claim 12, wherein the species is *C. tropicalis*.

- 15. (Original) The method according to claim 10, wherein the bioadhesive formulation minimizes leakage from the vaginal cavity of a human.
- 16. (Original) The method according to claim 10, wherein the treatment provides peak plasma levels of the butoconazole nitrate at about 6 to about 48 hours after administration and retains activity for at least 4 days.
- 17. (Currently amended) A method for the treatment of a fungal condition diagnosable by KOH smear test or other fungal speciation test, which comprises:

applying to a vulvovaginal candidiasis condition caused by a member selected from the group consisting of Candida dubliniensis, Candida tropicalis, Candida glabrata, Candida parapsilosis, mycelial Candida, Candida krusei, and Candida lusitaniae and mixtures thereof of a treatment comprising:

about 35 to about 45% w/w sorbitol solution; about 3 to about 8% w/w propylene glycol; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w edetate disodium; about 5 to about 11% w/w mineral oil; about 0.5 to about 5% w/w polyglyceryl-3-oleate; about 0.5 to about 5% w/w glyceryl monoisostearate; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w microcrystalline wax; about 0.5 to about 2% w/w silicon dioxide; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w methylparaben; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w propylparaben; about 25 to about 45% w/w water; and about 0.5 to about 5% w/w butoconazole nitrate.

- 18. (Original) The method according to claim 17, wherein the treatment is a single dose treatment.
- 19. (Previously Presented) A method for the local treatment of an unidentified vaginal fungal condition comprising:

administering a single administration of a composition consisting essentially of: about 38 to about 40% w/w sorbitol solution; about 4 to about 6% w/w propylene glycol; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w edetate disodium; about 6 to about 9% w/w mineral oil; about 2 to about 3% w/w polyglyceryl-3-oleate; about 2 to about 3% w/w glyceryl monoisostearate; about 0.01 to about 0.8% w/w microcrystalline wax; about 0.09 to about 0.9% w/w silicon dioxide; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w methylparaben; about 0.01 to about 0.5% w/w propylparaben; about 30 to about 40% w/w water; and about 1.5 to about 3.5% w/w butoconazole nitrate; and

wherein the administration is to a vulvovaginal candidiasis condition caused by any member selected from the group consisting of *C. dubliniensis*, *C. tropicalis*, *C. glabrata*, *C. parapsilosis*, *C. krusei*, and *C. lusitaniae*.

- 20. (Original) The method according to claim 19, wherein the species is *C. glabrata*.
- 21. (Original) The method according to claim 19, wherein the species is *C. tropicalis*.
- 22. (Currently Amended) A method for the treatment of a fungal condition diagnosable by KOH smear test or other fungal speciation, comprising:

treating a candidiasis condition caused by a species selected from the group consisting of *C. dubliniensis*, *C. tropicalis*, *C. glabrata*, *C. parapsilosis*, *C. krusei*, and *C. lusitaniae* by applying to the vaginal tissue a multiphase formulation in a single dose;

wherein the multiphase formulation comprises:

a hydrophilic phase, which comprises: about 38 to about 40% w/w sorbitol solution; about 3 to about 8% w/w propylene glycol;

about 0.001 to about 1% w/w edetate disodium; about 25 to about 45% w/w water; and about 0.5 to about 5% w/w butoconazole nitrate; and

a hydrophobic phase which comprises about 5 to about 11% w/w mineral oil; about 0.5 to about 5% w/w polyglyceryl-3-oleate; about 0.5 to about 5% w/w glyceryl monoisostearate; about 0.001 to about 1% w/w microcrystalline wax; about 0.5 to about 2% w/w silicon dioxide; about 0.001 to about 1.000% w/w methylparaben; and about 0.001 to about 1% w/w propylparaben.

- 23. (Original) The method according to claim 22, wherein the hydrophobic phase and hydrophilic stage for a bioadhesive dosage form provides peak plasma levels of butoconazole nitrate at about 6 to about 48 hours and retains activity for at least 4 days.
- 24. (Previously Presented) A method for the treatment of an unidentified vulvovaginatis condition comprising:

treating a condition caused by a species of *Candida* selected from the group consisting of *C. dubliniensis*, *C. tropicalis*, *C. glabrata*, *C. parapsilosis*, *C. krusei*, and *C. lusitaniae* by applying to the vaginal tissue a multiphase formulation in a single dose to provide a *Candida* species kill rate of about 50 to about 100% for a period of at least about 4 days.

- 25. (Original) The method according to claim 24, wherein the multiphase formulation is administered via an applicator device which is designed to apply the formulation evenly over the vaginal tissue of a human.
- 26. (Original) A method according to claim 24, wherein the species is *C. glabrata*.

27. (Original) A method according to claim 24, wherein the species is C. tropicalis.